



Swapping Variables

In Arrays / Lists

Problem: how to exchange two values in an Array / List

Python:

```
my_list = [1,2,3,5,8]
```

C++:

```
int my_list[] = {1,2,3,5,8};
```

Exchange the values of:

my_list[1] (integer 2)

and

my_list[2] (integer 3)

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CAUTION!

If you copy with assignment, the original value gets lost!

```
my_list[1] = my_list[2]
```

...what happens to 2?

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```

The order you do it in isn't important, the same thing will happen.

```
my_list[2] = my_list[1]
```

...what happens to 3?

RULE 1: Think about the problem.



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Pour a little bit from one
to the other repeatedly?

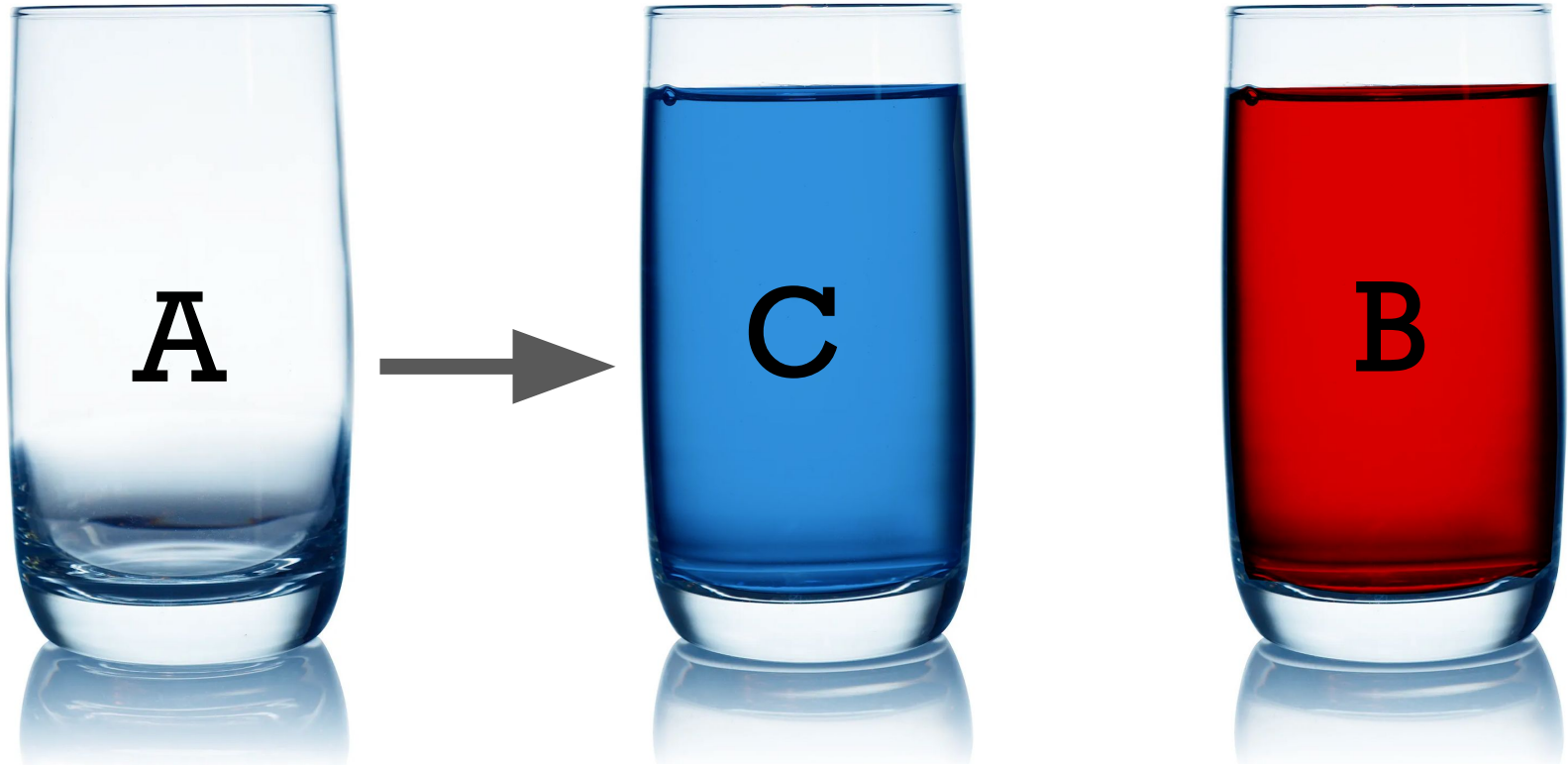
✗ NO! ✗



Solution: Introduce a “swap” variable.



Using the “swap” variable:

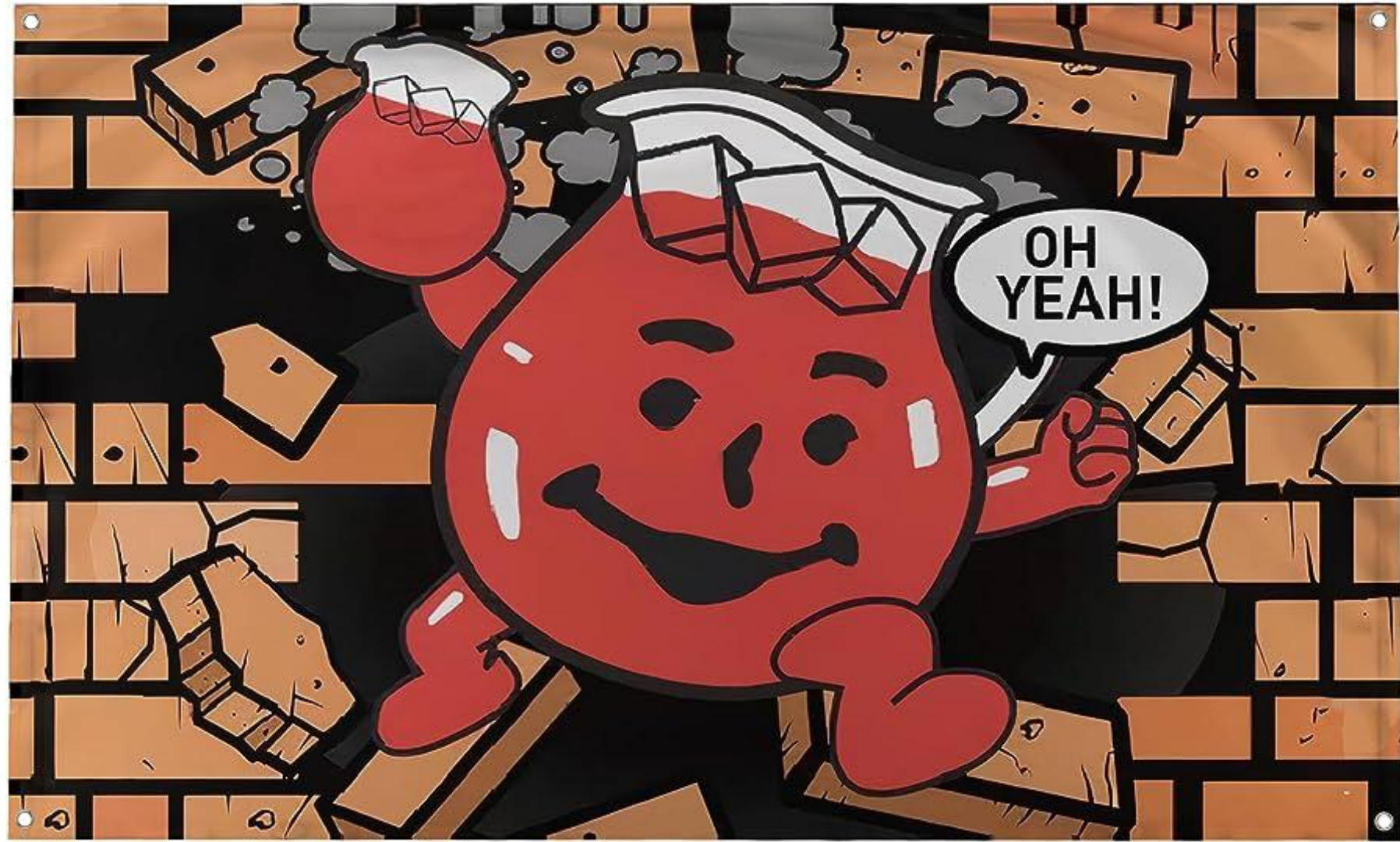


Using the “swap” variable:



Values preserved!





OH
YEAH!

How to exchange two values in an Array / List

Python:

```
my_list = [1,2,3,5,8]
swap = my_list[1]
my_list[1] = my_list[2]
my_list[2] = swap
```

C++:

```
int my_list[] = {1,2,3,5,8};
int swap;
swap = my_list[1];
my_list[1] = my_list[2];
my_list[2] = swap;
```

This is a **GENERIC** strategy!

- You can do the same thing with *any* variable type.
- You can swap between *any* array location, as long as you keep track of both the source and the destination indices and do every swap operation in the same order.
- More importantly, it allows us the ability to naively sort *any* array, as long as there are syntax rules to compare the two values.
- We have Boolean operators ($>$, $<$, $>=$, $<=$) for this.